# USA District Like Mine (High Student Need) Math Outcomes Analysis 2018/19 

Grade Levels: 3, 4, 5
ST Math Program: Gen-5
Analysis Type: Z-score of math proficiency
Treatment-Years: 2018/19
Baseline-Year: 2012/13, 2013/14, 2014/15, 2015/16, 2016/17, or 2017/18
Subgroup: All

MIND

Jessica Guise<br>(C) 2023-07-14

## Abstract

This analysis evaluates grades using ST Math with high student need in the USA in 2018/19. It identifies those grades with nominal or better implementation of the ST Math program, and matches them to randomly selected, similar math-performance comparison grades. The nominal ST Math users are an aggregation of 113 grades, consisting of grades 3, 4, and 5 at 81 schools, with an average baseline $z$-score of -0.61 . Refer to Figures 2 and 3 for the math performance and demographic distributions. They were matched to 113 similar, randomly selected control grades at 106 schools that never used ST Math. Grade-wise growth in math proficiency was evaluated (i.e. growth in same grade, same school, from Baseline to 2018/19) on the mean z-scores of percent Proficient or Advanced (see Section 3.1). Grades 3, 4, and 5 aggregated showed an ST Math effect of 0.44 z-score points.

## Contents

1 Introduction ..... 5
1.1 Background ..... 5
1.2 Program Description ..... 5
2 Data Collection ..... 6
2.1 Treatment Grades Pool and Selection ..... 6
2.1.1 Enrollment Filter ..... 6
2.1.2 Content Coverage Filter ..... 6
2.2 Control Grades Pool and Selection ..... 7
3 Data Analysis ..... 8
3.1 Z-scores ..... 8
3.2 Percentile Ranking ..... 8
3.3 Final Treatment and Control ..... 9
3.3.1 ST Math Grade-Aggregated Implementation ( $\geq 85 \%$ Enrollment Grades Only)
3.3.2 Filtering Treatment and Controls ..... 10
3.3.3 Match of Controls to Treatment ..... 11
3.4 Grade-Aggregated Analysis ..... 12
3.5 Grade-Level Analysis ..... 14
3.5.1 Grade Level Result Tables ..... 14
3.5.2 Grade-Level Analysis of Changes in Z-scores of Proficient or Advanced ..... 15
4 Effect Size ..... 16
5 Findings Summary ..... 16
6 Confounders ..... 16
7 Lists of Schools ..... 17
7.1 Treatment Schools ..... 17
7.2 Control Schools ..... 19

## List of Figures

1 Histogram of ST Math Percent Progress for $\geq 85 \%$ Enrollment Grades 2018/19 ..... 9
2 Baseline Year Density Plots Showing Math Scores and Percent Student Need Match between TRT and CTRL - Baseline ..... 11
3 Changes in z-scores (See Section 3.1) for Grade-Aggregated TRT and CTRL datasets between Baseline and 2018/19 ..... 12
4 Changes in Percentile Ranking for TRT and CTRL Datasets between Baseline and 2018/19 ..... 13
5 Changes in Grade-Mean Z-score (See Section 3.1) for TRT and CTRL Datasets between Baseline and 2018/19 ..... 15

## List of Tables

1 Descriptive Statistics of ST Math Percent Progress for $>=85$ percent Enrollment Grades ..... 9
2 Number of ST Math Grades with $>=85$ percent Enrollment and with $>=40$ percent progress ..... 9
3 Treatment Pool Filtering and Controls: Counts of Grades, Schools, and Students ..... 10
4 Matching TRT and CTRL ..... 11
5 All Grades Together Growth ..... 12
6 Statistics for the Differential Changes in Math Scores Growth (TRT - CTRL) ..... 13
7 Grade 3 - Yearly Math Performance and Counts for TRT and CTRL Datasets ..... 14
8 Grade 4 - Yearly Math Performance and Counts for TRT and CTRL Datasets ..... 14
9 Grade 5 - Yearly Math Performance and Counts for TRT and CTRL Datasets ..... 14
10 Statistics for the Differential Changes in Z-scores (See Section 3.1) Growth, (TRT - CTRL) ..... 15
11 Cohen's d Effect Size ..... 16
12 Treatment Schools (TRT Dataset) ..... 17
13 Treatment Schools (TRT Dataset) ..... 18
14 Matched Control Schools (CTRL Dataset) ..... 19
15 Matched Control Schools (CTRL Dataset) ..... 20

## 1 Introduction

### 1.1 Background

This is a quasi-experimental analysis at the grade-mean level. Entire grades represent the units of analysis, and outcome measures are the multi-year changes in grade-mean z-score of Proficient or Advanced. The treatment grades used the ST Math program for $1,2,3,4,5$, or 6 years, beginning in the 2013/14, $2014 / 15,2015 / 16,2016 / 17,2017 / 18$, or $2018 / 19$ school year, respectively. The study hypothesis is treatment grades using ST Math will outperform similar matched control grades, using their "business as usual" conditions of instructional content and professional development. The control grades were selected to have similar demographic and math attributes (See Figures 2 and 3) to the treatment grades during the baseline year (2012/13, 2013/14, 2014/15, 2015/16, 2016/17, or 2017/18), and did not use ST Math in 2018/19. The treatment grades' selection pool was all schools using ST Math with high student need in grades 3,4 , and 5 in the USA. The control grades' pool was all schools not using ST Math in grades 3, 4, and 5 in the USA. This study method measures effectiveness of the ST Math program when nominally implemented.

### 1.2 Program Description

Spatial-Temporal Math (ST Math) is game-based, instructional software for $\mathrm{K}-12$ students, created by the MIND Research Institute (MIND). The purpose of the program is to boost math comprehension through visual learning. The ST Math software games begin without language or symbol abstractions by posing math problems as purely visual puzzles. In this way, three objectives are accomplished: i) language proficiency prerequisites to engage with the program are minimal, ii) non-mathematical distractions (e.g. back-stories for word problems) are minimized or eliminated - thereby reducing load on working memory, and iii) the actual math in the problem can be represented clearly, simply, and unambiguously. Interactive, animated visual manipulatives provide informative feedback on student solutions. A score of 100 percent on a game level comprised of 4-12 puzzles is required for progression through the levels. Failure requires a re-play of the level, via a new quasi-random set of puzzles. In this way, progression is self-paced.

Besides the self-paced progress made by students in their one-to-one environment, the program is designed to be referenced by teachers during their regular math instruction. It is supplemental to core or basal math instruction and instructional materials. As the great majority of grade-level math standards are covered in the ST Math digital curriculum, completion of $100 \%$ of the entire ST Math curriculum (i.e. completing every Game) is required to cover all grade-level math standards. Teachers receive initial training, either face to face or through self-guided online instruction. The training covers account startup, as well as math learning and growth mindset goals, the pedagogical approach to learning in a visual experiential game, monitoring and intervention of the student 1:1 game play, and connecting of ST Math content to classroom content and pacing.

For students to achieve nominal progress through the program, there is a recommended time-on-task requirement of 90 minutes per week over about 30 weeks. Consistent application of 90 minutes per week throughout the school year is normally sufficient to result in a grade's average ST Math content coverage exceeding $50 \%$ by year-end. In this study, we include grades that have achieved $40 \%$ or more content coverage (Progress) by April 15th.

This is a passive study with no experimental setup or extraordinary communications to any schools. All schools in this study therefore received normal program implementation support through the year from MIND support managers. This support includes bundled startup services of approximately 2-4 hours of training either in-person or online, access to live webinars, regular online and push reports on
usage and progress, email/phone helpdesk, and proactive monitoring for gaps or issues by MIND support representatives.

MIND Research Institute initiated, funded, and exercised editorial control over this study.

## 2 Data Collection

Since this analysis uses grades as the unit of analysis, and states publish grade-mean state standardized test scores, the data for student math outcomes is collected from each state education agency's research files (retrieved from state websites). The treatment students use ST Math student accounts served by MIND. Student ST Math usage data is aggregated to grade-level means by MIND.

### 2.1 Treatment Grades Pool and Selection

The Treatment grades pool originated with all schools and grades using ST Math with high student need in the USA. From these schools, every grade that had used the ST Math program only for the year 2018/19 was identified. They comprise the Treatment grades pool for this evaluation of multi-year usage.

### 2.1.1 Enrollment Filter

Because the analysis uses grade-mean data, such as grade-mean scale scores or grade-mean proficiency level percentages, it is necessary that the program also be a grade-wide treatment, with the great majority of students in each grade receiving treatment. Otherwise, the grade-means reported by the state of $100 \%$ of tested students would not be valid measures of a smaller fraction of treatment students. MIND's site implementation requirement is that an entire grade, including all teachers and all classes within that grade, use the ST Math program. We validate how closely this is the case for each individual treatment grade by comparing the number of ST Math student accounts at a grade level to the reported enrollment at that grade level. We discard from the Treatment pool any grade with a ratio of ST Math student accounts to reported grade enrollment lower than $85 \%$.

### 2.1.2 Content Coverage Filter

Furthermore, the outcomes measure is a summative year-end test, i.e. the standardized math assessment of that state. The math assessment thus covers all the math standards for that entire grade level. Meanwhile, the ST Math program curriculum (arranged into Learning Objectives) is also aligned to each state's math standards. To infer that the ST Math content is having a valid effect on student outcomes on the summative assessment, we discard any grade with grade-mean of ST Math Progress for its students lower than $40 \%$ by April.

Progress is a percentage, and is defined as Levels completed by the student, divided by the total number of Levels in the grade-level curriculum. Note that student achievement of at least $40 \%$ progress in ST Math is accomplished primarily by teacher assignment of computer session time to students. With sufficient time on task, students make progress. The program helps them self-pace through providing real-time informative feedback for each puzzle.

### 2.2 Control Grades Pool and Selection

The control grades are randomly selected from a control pool of schools in the USA. Though they are randomly selected, they are also matched to be similar to the Treatment grades' math attributes and demographics during the baseline Baseline year. The matched attributes include:

- grade-mean z-score of percent Proficient or Advanced
- percentage of students receiving free or reduced lunch at the school-level (using the demographic data from MDR).

The method of matching used is propensity score matching, via the "matchit" program in R, with "mahalanobis" as the distance measure.

## 3 Data Analysis

The set of all schools and grades using ST Math with high student need in the USA is evaluated for Enrollment percentage and Progress percentage parameters. A filtered Treatment set (TRT) of all ST Math grades with $\geq 85 \%$ Enrollment and $\geq 40 \%$ Progress is identified. State math assessment data is tabulated. A matching set of Control grades based on baseline year state math assessment is selected.

Changes in math performance, i.e. the difference in math performance of a grade from a baseline year to the final year, are evaluated and tabulated. Statistical tests of the significance of the difference in math performance changes between Treatment grades and Control grades are performed. Finally, a grade-by-grade disaggregation is performed.

### 3.1 Z-scores

In order to analyze across all states with different math assessments, a new z-score of that test's math proficiency is calculated. For each year being analyzed, by grade, a z-score takes the difference of the grade mean percent proficient and the mean of all percent proficient statewide for that year, and then divides it by the standard deviation of all percent proficient statewide for that year. Here is a fictional example to illustrate the calculation of a z-score for the 2015/16 exam:

## School A, Grade 3, Percent Proficient: 70

Average across all schools statewide, Grade 3: 50
Standard deviation across all schools statewide, Grade 3: 20
Z-score $=(($ School A, Grade 3, Percent Proficient)-(Average across all schools, Grade 3))/(Standard deviation across all schools, Grade 3)

$$
\text { Z-score }=\frac{70-50}{20}=1
$$

The $z$-score is calculated for every grade across all years being analyzed, using the full state data set of schools for the averages and standard deviations. The use of z-scores is a valid statistical method to normalize any dataset and to enable analysis across otherwise uncomparable exams. In this report, we only analyze z-scores.

### 3.2 Percentile Ranking

These newly calculated z-scores can then be converted into a percentile ranking. Each percentile ranking shows the grade's performance relative to the others in that year and grade. For example, for a specific grade 3, a percentile ranking of 50 shows that this grade 3 performed at the average of all third grades in the state for that testing year.

### 3.3 Final Treatment and Control

### 3.3.1 ST Math Grade-Aggregated Implementation ( $\geq \mathbf{8 5 \%}$ Enrollment Grades Only)

## ST Math Percent Grade Mean Progress Distribution - 2018/19



Figure 1: Histogram of ST Math Percent Progress for $\geq 85 \%$ Enrollment Grades 2018/19
For all ST Math grades with Enrollment $\geq 85 \%$, Figure 1 shows the frequency distribution of gradeaverage Progress percentage through the program. Note that we will only be using grades with $\geq 40 \%$ Progress as the Treatment Group.

Table 1 provides descriptive statistics of the Progress distribution. Table 2 shows the number of remaining treatment grades after applying enrollment and progress filters.

|  | Min. | Max. | Average | S.D. |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| ST Math \% Progress | 0.8 | 75.5 | 26.8 | 15.8 |

Table 1: Descriptive Statistics of ST Math Percent Progress for $>=85$ percent Enrollment Grades

> | Grades with $>=85 \%$ Enrollment: | 525 |
| ---: | ---: |
| Grades with in addition $>=40 \%$ Progress: | 113 |

Table 2: Number of ST Math Grades with $>=85$ percent Enrollment and with $>=40$ percent progress

### 3.3.2 Filtering Treatment and Controls

Table 3 shows the total number of grades in the Treatment pool, the number of grades that exceeded the $85 \%$ Enrollment figure, and also the $40 \%$ Progress filter. Other rows in the table indicate counts of numbers of students (2018/19 from state testing count) and counts of number of schools represented. The number of matched Control (CTRL) grades, students, and schools is also shown.

|  | Grade 3 | Grade 4 | Grade 5 | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ST Math Using Grades | 307 | 267 | 262 | 836 |
| ST Math Using Schools | 306 | 267 | 262 | 435 |
| ST Math Students | 21999 | 18760 | 19354 | 60113 |
| ST Math Grades (Enroll $>=85 \%$ ) | 186 | 178 | 161 | 525 |
| TRT Grades (Enroll $>=85 \%$ \& Prog $>=40 \%)$ | 39 | 40 | 34 | 113 |
| TRT Schools (Enroll $>=85 \%$ \& Prog $>=40 \%)$ | 39 | 40 | 34 | 81 |
| TRT Students (Enroll $>=85 \%$ \& Prog $>=40 \%)$ | 3408 | 3155 | 2869 | 9432 |
| CTRL Grades | 39 | 40 | 34 | 113 |
| CTRL Schools | 38 | 40 | 34 | 106 |
| CTRL Students | 3011 | 2689 | 2554 | 8254 |

Table 3: Treatment Pool Filtering and Controls: Counts of Grades, Schools, and Students

### 3.3.3 Match of Controls to Treatment

Figure 2 shows the density plots of the baseline $z$-score of percent students at state assessment Proficient or Advanced (left plot) and the percentage of students needing free or reduced lunch (right plot) for treatment grades overlayed on control grades, showing the closeness of the match obtained between Treatment and Control sets of grades in the baseline year.


Figure 2: Baseline Year Density Plots Showing Math Scores and Percent Student Need Match between TRT and CTRL - Baseline

Table 4 shows the difference of the means of Treatment versus Control in the baseline year, with accompanying p-values, for mean z-score of percent Proficient or Advanced and for percent of students receiving free or reduced lunch. The large p-values show the differences between the Treatment and Control grades are not statistically significant.

|  | Mean(TRT) | SD(TRT) | Mean(CTRL) | SD(CTRL) | Estimate | P-Value | Effect Size |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Z-Score of Proficient or Advanced - Baseline | -0.61 | 0.64 | -0.60 | 0.65 | -0.00 | 0.96 | -0.01 |
| Percent Free or Reduced Lunch | 95.09 | 3.14 | 95.12 | 3.14 | -0.04 | 0.93 | -0.01 |

Table 4: Matching TRT and CTRL

### 3.4 Grade-Aggregated Analysis

Table 5 shows for both Treatment (TRT) and Control (CTRL) aggregation across grades of z-score distributions. The far right column also shows the average ST Math Progress for the TRT set.

|  | \# Grades | \# Schools | \# Students | Z-Score | Percentile | ST Math Per Comp. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TRT.Baseline | 113 | 81 | 9207 | -0.61 | 29.81 | - |
| TRT.18.19 | 113 | 81 | 8773 | -0.32 | 39.22 | 50.56 |
| TRT.Delta | - | - | - | 0.29 | 9.41 | - |
| CTRL.Baseline | 113 | 106 | 8631 | -0.60 | 29.90 | - |
| CTRL.18.19 | 113 | 106 | 8254 | -0.75 | 26.77 | - |
| CTRL.Delta | - | - | - | -0.15 | -3.13 | - |

Table 5: All Grades Together Growth
Figure 3 shows the changes in mean z-scores of percent Proficient or Advanced for the gradeaggregated Treatment and Control sets.

## Changes in Z-scores - 2018/19 vs Baseline



Figure 3: Changes in z-scores (See Section 3.1) for Grade-Aggregated TRT and CTRL datasets between Baseline and 2018/19

Further, Table 6 shows the statistics for the differences in changes between TRT and CTRL (Treatment - Control) for these same z -score changes as in the above figure. ${ }^{1}$

|  | Estimate | P-Value | Int.Low | Int. High |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Z-Score | 0.44 | $0.00^{*}$ | 0.26 | 0.61 |

Table 6: Statistics for the Differential Changes in Math Scores Growth (TRT - CTRL)
Finally, Figure 4 shows the changes in mean percentile ranking between TRT and CTRL.


Figure 4: Changes in Percentile Ranking for TRT and CTRL Datasets between Baseline and 2018/19

[^0]
### 3.5 Grade-Level Analysis

### 3.5.1 Grade Level Result Tables

The following tables (Table 7, 8, and 9) present a disaggregation of results by grade level. The far right column in each table also shows the average ST Math Progress for the TRT set.

|  | \# Grades | \# Schools | \# Students | Z-Score | Percentile | ST Math Per Prog. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TRT.Baseline | 39 | 39 | 3361 | -0.59 | 29.97 | - |
| TRT.18.19 | 39 | 39 | 3194 | -0.10 | 46.49 | 50.75 |
| TRT.Delta | - | - | - | 0.49 | 16.51 | - |
| CTRL.Baseline | 39 | 38 | 3105 | -0.58 | 30.26 | - |
| CTRL.18.19 | 39 | 38 | 3011 | -0.74 | 27.62 | - |
| CTRL.Delta | - | - | - | -0.17 | -2.64 | - |

Table 7: Grade 3 - Yearly Math Performance and Counts for TRT and CTRL Datasets

|  | \# Grades | \# Schools | \# Students | Z-Score | Percentile | ST Math Per Prog. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TRT.Baseline | 40 | 40 | 3041 | -0.64 | 29.80 | - |
| TRT.18.19 | 40 | 40 | 2929 | -0.43 | 35.88 | 50.73 |
| TRT.Delta | - | - | - | 0.21 | 6.07 | - |
| CTRL.Baseline | 40 | 40 | 2982 | -0.65 | 29.55 | - |
| CTRL.18.19 | 40 | 40 | 2689 | -0.85 | 23.48 | - |
| CTRL.Delta | - | - | - | -0.20 | -6.07 | - |

Table 8: Grade 4 - Yearly Math Performance and Counts for TRT and CTRL Datasets

|  | \# Grades | \# Schools | \# Students | Z-Score | Percentile | ST Math Per Prog. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TRT.Baseline | 34 | 34 | 2805 | -0.60 | 29.65 | - |
| TRT.18.19 | 34 | 34 | 2650 | -0.44 | 34.82 | 50.13 |
| TRT.Delta | - | - | - | 0.16 | 5.18 | - |
| CTRL.Baseline | 34 | 34 | 2544 | -0.59 | 29.91 | - |
| CTRL.18.19 | 34 | 34 | 2554 | -0.65 | 29.68 | - |
| CTRL.Delta | - | - | - | -0.06 | -0.24 | - |

Table 9: Grade 5 - Yearly Math Performance and Counts for TRT and CTRL Datasets

### 3.5.2 Grade-Level Analysis of Changes in Z-scores of Proficient or Advanced

Figure 5 shows the changes in the grade-mean z-scores of students for the TRT and CTRL datasets, disaggregated by grade:

## Changes in Z-score - 2018/19 vs Baseline



Figure 5: Changes in Grade-Mean Z-score (See Section 3.1) for TRT and CTRL Datasets between Baseline and 2018/19

Table 10 shows the statistics for the differences between TRT and CTRL (Treatment - Control) for these same $z$-score changes as shown in Figure 5.

|  | Estimate | P-Value | Int.Low | Int.High |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grade 3 | 0.66 | $0.00^{*}$ | 0.33 | 0.98 |
| Grade 4 | 0.41 | $0.01^{*}$ | 0.09 | 0.72 |
| Grade 5 | 0.22 | 0.09 | -0.04 | 0.47 |

Table 10: Statistics for the Differential Changes in Z-scores (See Section 3.1) Growth, (TRT - CTRL)

## 4 Effect Size

The following table shows the effect sizes for $z$-score of Proficient or Advanced.

|  | Z-Score of Proficient or Advanced Effect Size |
| :--- | :---: |
| Grade 3 | 1.28 |
| Grade 4 | 0.51 |
| Grade 5 | 0.37 |
| All Grades | 0.67 |

Table 11: Cohen's d Effect Size

## 5 Findings Summary

USA grades 3, 4, and 5 using ST Math with high student need for the year 2018/19 averaged 21.4\% ST Math Progress. 130/836 grades (16\%) averaged covering more than $40 \%$ of ST Math content. Statistically significant differences were found in this analysis for both grade-aggregated and individual grade levels. Looking at Table 6, a statistically significant differences was found for grade-aggregated z-score, with an estimate of 0.44 points favorable for the ST Math treatment set. Furthermore, referring to table 10, grades 3 and 4 ST math treatment sets outperformed their matched controls for z-scores with statistically significant differences of 0.66 and 0.41 , respectively.

## 6 Confounders

Despite best efforts in minimizing confounders to the results of this analysis, there still remain a few input variables that could be significant in affecting differences of state test score outcomes between the Treatment and Control sets. One issue is the lack of randomization of grades chosen to receive the ST Math treatment. Instead of randomized selection, Treatment grades are self-selected. Self-selection can be an indication of districts or schools with a focus on math, an appetite for change, and with a spotlight on math training. Furthermore, not all grades using the ST Math program are chosen for analysis. Each grade must pass two specific filters to be considered for the Treatment set: the first being an enrollment filter of at least $85 \%$ of students in each grade using the program, and the second being a progress filter of at least $40 \%$ of the program completed on average by students in that grade. These filters might indicate relatively high-functioning schools with a team of relatively effective teachers in that grade, thus resulting in better instruction overall. A mitigation of this possible confounder is our selection of treatment groups on the grade level, rather than the teacher level, so there is no cherry picking of teachers: the full range of teachers in each grade is included. Moreover, the specific teachers may often be the same in the baseline year as in the current year, so the Treatment growth is not due to teacher differences. Finally, a possible confounder lies in the "business as usual" conditions at the matched control grades chosen for each analysis. It's unknown whether these control grades used other programs that could affect the comparison of the two sets of grades.

## 7 Lists of Schools

### 7.1 Treatment Schools

The following tables list the treatment schools and grades (after 85\% enrollment and 40\% progress filtering) used in the analysis.

| PID | IID | State | District | School Name | GRADE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13588 | TUS2S8 | AL | NA | Tuskegee Public Elementary | 5 |
| 39403 | MEL6KY | AZ | Glendale Elementary District | Melvin E Sine School | 5, 4 |
| 10912940 | ORA75S | CA | Anaheim Elementary | Orange Grove Elementary | 3 |
| 66171 | MOU72Q | CA | Azusa Unified | Mountain View Elementary | 3 |
| 95017 | CAR6ZQ | CA | Buena Park Elementary | Carl E. Gilbert Elementary | 3 |
| 110318 | LEX73L | CA | Cajon Valley Union | Lexington Elementary | 4 |
| 68832 | COR72T | CA | El Monte City | Cortada Elementary | 5, 4 |
| 68856 | GID72T | CA | El Monte City | Gidley Elementary | 4 |
| 68868 | ANN72T | CA | El Monte City | Legore Elementary | 5, 3 |
| 68894 | NEW72T | CA | El Monte City | New Lexington Elementary | 5 |
| 68911 | POT72T | CA | El Monte City | Potrero Elementary | 4, 5, 3 |
| 68947 | SHI72T | CA | El Monte City | Shirpser Elementary | 3, 4, 5 |
| 68961 | WIL72T | CA | El Monte City | Wilkerson Elementary | 3 |
| 68973 | WRI72T | CA | El Monte City | Wright Elementary | 5 |
| 135227 | CAP0RT | CA | Empire Union Elementary | Capistrano Elementary | 4 |
| 4925153 | GRE0RX | CA | Fresno Unified | David L. Greenberg Elementary | 3, 4, 5 |
| 96097 | CLI75W | CA | Garden Grove Unified | Clinton Elementary | 5 |
| 70495 | ZEL6YP | CA | Hawthorne | Zela Davis | 5, 3 |
| 11132313 | KIP6Y3 | CA | KIPP Raices Academy | KIPP Raices Academy | 4 |
| 60531 | TRI7DH | CA | Klamath-Trinity Joint Unified | Trinity Valley Elementary | 3 |
| 71528 | BUR709 | CA | Long Beach Unified | Bobbie Smith Elementary | 3 |
| 71803 | KIN708 | CA | Long Beach Unified | King Elementary | 5 |
| 71839 | ROB708 | CA | Long Beach Unified | Olivia Nieto Herrera Elementary | 4 |
| 71841 | ABR709 | CA | Long Beach Unified | Lincoln Elementary | 3 |
| 72053 | SIG703 | CA | Long Beach Unified | Signal Hill Elementary | 4 |
| 72144 | DAN709 | CA | Long Beach Unified | Webster Elementary | 3, 4 |
| 4286309 | JAC708 | CA | Long Beach Unified | Robinson Academy | 5 |
| 5345776 | CES708 | CA | Long Beach Unified | Chavez Elementary | 4 |
| 72780 | HAR6Z0 | CA | Los Angeles Unified | Harbor City Elementary | 3 |
| 73411 | NIN6Y0 | CA | Los Angeles Unified | Ninety-Sixth Street Elementary | 3 |
| 73538 | STA0RS | CA | Los Angeles Unified | State Street Elementary | 5, 3 |
| 74001 | PAR6Y0 | CA | Los Angeles Unified | Parmelee Avenue Elementary | 3 |
| 76231 | GAR0RT | CA | Los Angeles Unified | Garvanza Elementary | 4, 5, 3 |
| 77338 | RES71P | CA | Los Angeles Unified | Reseda Elementary | 3 |
| 77730 | HER71Q | CA | Los Angeles Unified | Herrick Avenue Elementary | 5, 3 |
| 10013702 | PANORS | CA | Los Angeles Unified | Panorama City Elementary | 3 |
| 4875895 | REA75A | CA | Newport-Mesa Unified | Everett A. Rea Elementary | 5 |
| 49965 | GAR7AS | CA | Oakland Unified | Garfield Elementary | 3 |
| 4949381 | INT7AS | CA | Oakland Unified | International Community | 5 |
| 4949496 | ACO7AU | CA | Oakland Unified | ACORN Woodland Elementary | 4, 3 |
| 4919180 | RAM0RT | CA | Oxnard | Ramona Elementary | 4 |
| 130198 | MAC7C3 | CA | Pajaro Valley Unified | T. S. MacQuiddy Elementary | 5 |
| 80335 | ABR700 | CA | Paramount Unified | Abraham Lincoln | 5 |
| 80907 | LEX72W | CA | Pomona Unified | Lexington Elementary | 3 |
| 138358 | ROC0RS | CA | Porterville Unified | Roche Elementary | 4 |
| 102476 | HIG74Y | CA | Riverside Unified | Highgrove Elementary | 3,5 |
| 102555 | LON74Y | CA | Riverside Unified | Longfellow Elementary | 5, 3 |
| 2068814 | CAR75I | CA | Santa Ana Unified | Carl Harvey Elementary | 4 |
| 11134206 | HER751 | CA | Santa Ana Unified | Heroes Elementary | 4 |
| 119869 | AUG7CG | CA | Stockton Unified | August Elementary | 3 |
| 119998 | GRU7CG | CA | Stockton Unified | Grunsky Elementary | 4 |
| 120234 | VIC7CG | CA | Stockton Unified | Victory Elementary | 3 |
| 2105072 | KIN7CG | CA | Stockton Unified | King Elementary | 4 |
| 3401439 | WIL7CG | CA | Stockton Unified | Wilson Elementary | 5 |
| 11720051 | WEB78A | CA | W.E.B. DuBois Public Charter | W.E.B. DuBois Public Charter | 5 |

Table 12: Treatment Schools (TRT Dataset)

| PID | IID | State | District | School Name | GRADE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 146355 | BAR0RX | CO | DENVER COUNTY 1 | BARNUM ELEMENTARY SCHOOL | 3, 4, 5 |
| 10007090 | RAY2MC | FL | LEE | RAY V. POTTORF ELEMENTARY SCHOOL | 4 |
| 250487 | BUC42O | IA | Davenport CSD | Buchanan Elementary School | 3, 4 |
| 277526 | GUN4OF | IL | City of Chicago SD 299 | Gunsaulus Elem Scholastic Academy | 5 |
| 4291330 | CHA4OC | IL | City of Chicago SD 299 | Chavez Elem Multicultural Acad Ct | 3 |
| 1540637 | LOR4N0 | IL | SD U-46 | Lords Park Elem School | 3 |
| 407343 | JOH5ER | LA | ORLEANS PARISH | PHILLIS WHEATLEY COMMUNITY SCHOOL | 4 |
| 407525 | SAM5ER | LA | ORLEANS PARISH | SAMUEL J. GREEN CHARTER SCHOOL | 4, 3 |
| 10914039 | LAN5ER | LA | ORLEANS PARISH | LANGSTON HUGHES CHARTER ACADEMY | 3 |
| 10914211 | ART5ER | LA | ORLEANS PARISH | ARTHUR ASHE CHARTER SCHOOL | 4 |
| 438093 | HUN06E | MA | Brockton | Gilmore Elementary School | 4 |
| 2907076 | COM054 | MA | Lawrence | Community Day Arlington | 3, 4 |
| 3245546 | HAN4VC | MO | HANCOCK PLACE | HANCOCK PLACE ELEM. | 5, 4 |
| 595770 | NIC31M | MS | Picayune School District | Nicholson Elementary School | 4, 5, 3 |
| 703874 | BAR6PY | NM | Albuquerque Public Schools | Barcelona Elementary School | 4 |
| 704220 | ALA6PZ | NM | Albuquerque Public Schools | Alameda Elementary School | 4 |
| 1523469 | DOL6PY | NM | Albuquerque Public Schools | Dolores Gonzales Elementary School | 4, 5 |
| 711869 | WEN6VI | NV | Achievement | Wendell P. Williams Elementary School | 5 |
| 712148 | SUN6VI | NV | Achievement | Sunrise Acres Elementary School | 3 |
| 712277 | WHIORV | NV | Achievement | Whitney Elementary School | 4, 5 |
| 3401661 | RIC6VJ | NV | Achievement | Richard J Rundle Elementary School | 5 |
| 742935 | PS10RW | NY | NEW YORK CITY GEOGRAPHIC DISTRICT \# 6 | PS 152 DYCKMAN VALLEY | 5 |
| 1064499 | ACA6HO | UT | Granite District | Academy Park School | 4 |
| 1064970 | PHI6HO | UT | Granite District | Philo T. Farnsworth School | 4, 5, 3 |
| 1528213 | MEA6HN | UT | Salt Lake District | Meadowlark School | 3 |
| 1133076 | MIT43S | WI | Milwaukee | Mitchell Elementary | 4 |
| 1133155 | VIE43S | WI | Milwaukee | Vieau Elementary | 4 |
| 10010607 | ROG43S | WI | Milwaukee | Rogers Street Academy | 4 |

Table 13: Treatment Schools (TRT Dataset)

### 7.2 Control Schools

The following tables list the control schools and grades (matched control grades to treatment grades) used in the analysis.

| PID | State | District | School Name | GRADE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13473 | AL | NA | Fort Deposit Elementary School | 5 |
| 45543 | AZ | Eloy Elementary District | Eloy Intermediate School | 5 |
| 40775 | AZ | Phoenix Elementary District | Maie Bartlett Heard School | 4 |
| 91853 | CA | Alisal Union | Alisal Community | 3 |
| 3049093 | CA | Alisal Union | Virginia Rocca Barton Elementary | 5 |
| 10913621 | CA | Alum Rock Union Elementary | Adelante Dual Language Academy | 5 |
| 4889406 | CA | Aspire Monarch Academy | Aspire Monarch Academy | 4 |
| 90732 | CA | Atwater Elementary | Bellevue Elementary | 5 |
| 90770 | CA | Atwater Elementary | Shaffer Elementary | 5 |
| 62101 | CA | Bakersfield City | Horace Mann Elementary | 5 |
| 62204 | CA | Bakersfield City | Munsey Elementary | 5 |
| 62228 | CA | Bakersfield City | Bessie E. Owens Primary | 3 |
| 62278 | CA | Bakersfield City | Voorhies Elementary | 3 |
| 66274 | CA | Baldwin Park Unified | Central Elementary | 4 |
| 1169362 | CA | Brawley Elementary | J. W. Oakley Elementary | 3 |
| 107440 | CA | Colton Joint Unified | Crestmore Elementary | 3 |
| 67876 | CA | Compton Unified | Tibby Elementary | 5 |
| 137847 | CA | Ducor Union Elementary | Ducor Union Elementary | 3 |
| 90926 | CA | El Nido Elementary | El Nido Elementary | 4 |
| 103028 | CA | Elk Grove Unified | Charles E. Mack Elementary | 3 |
| 57405 | CA | Fresno Unified | Kirk Elementary | 5 |
| 57730 | CA | Fresno Unified | Turner Elementary | 3 |
| 62929 | CA | Greenfield Union | Fairview Elementary | 4 |
| 62967 | CA | Greenfield Union | Planz Elementary | 4 |
| 70366 | CA | Hacienda la Puente Unified | Workman Elementary | 4 |
| 58150 | CA | Kings Canyon Joint Unified | McCord Elementary | 3 |
| 71243 | CA | Lennox | Buford Elementary | 5 |
| 138102 | CA | Lindsay Unified | Reagan Elementary | 5 |
| 2222618 | CA | Lodi Unified | Clairmont Elementary | 3 |
| 73318 | CA | Los Angeles Unified | Liberty Boulevard Elementary | 4 |
| 75835 | CA | Los Angeles Unified | Lorena Street Elementary | 4 |
| 75914 | CA | Los Angeles Unified | Second Street Elementary | 4 |
| 77962 | CA | Los Angeles Unified | Sylmar Elementary | 3, 5 |
| 10009919 | CA | Los Angeles Unified | Aurora Elementary | 3 |
| 91140 | CA | Los Banos Unified | R. M. Miano Elementary | 4 |
| 88557 | CA | Madera Unified | George Washington Elementary | 4 |
| 88583 | CA | Madera Unified | James Monroe Elementary | 4 |
| 4430835 | CA | McGill School of Success | McGill School of Success | 3 |
| 102012 | CA | Moreno Valley Unified | Sunnymead Elementary | 3 |
| 1549750 | CA | Mountain Empire Unified | Potrero Elementary | 3 |
| 108339 | CA | Ontario-Montclair | Euclid Elementary | 3, 5 |
| 108389 | CA | Ontario-Montclair | Lehigh Elementary | 5 |
| 11448459 | CA | Palm Springs Unified | Cabot Yerxa Elementary | 3 |
| 138205 | CA | Palo Verde Union Elementary | Palo Verde Elementary | 3, 4 |
| 102270 | CA | Perris Elementary | Good Hope Elementary | 4 |
| 1558531 | CA | Pond Union Elementary | Pond Elementary | 4 |
| 90407 | CA | Round Valley Unified | Round Valley Elementary | 5 |
| 104797 | CA | Sacramento City Unified | Nicholas Elementary | 4 |
| 104838 | CA | Sacramento City Unified | Parkway Elementary | 3 |
| 104840 | CA | Sacramento City Unified | Peter Burnett Elementary | 5 |
| 108999 | CA | San Bernardino City Unified | Ramona-Alessandro Elementary | 5 |
| 109058 | CA | San Bernardino City Unified | Bradley Elementary | 5 |
| 109084 | CA | San Bernardino City Unified | Manuel A. Salinas Creative Arts Elementary | 3, 3 |
| 10004737 | CA | San Bernardino City Unified | Roger Anton Elementary | 3 |
| 11927508 | CA | San Bernardino City Unified | Dr. Mildred Dalton Henry Elementary | 5 |

Table 14: Matched Control Schools (CTRL Dataset)

ST Math is created by
MIND Research Institute
www.mindresearch.org


| PID | State | District | School Name | GRADE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 102751 | CA | San Jacinto Unified | San Jacinto Elementary | 5 |
| 58631 | CA | Sanger Unified | Centerville Elementary | 3 |
| 58643 | CA | Sanger Unified | Del Rey Elementary | 3 |
| 124606 | CA | Santa Barbara Unified | Harding University Partnership | 4 |
| 128858 | CA | Santa Clara Unified | Scott Lane Elementary | 3 |
| 75445 | CA | Santa Monica Boulevard Community Charter | Santa Monica Boulevard Community Charter | 4 |
| 140478 | CA | Santa Paula Unified | Grace Thille Elementary | 3, 5 |
| 10029268 | CA | Soledad Unified | Jack Franscioni Elementary | 3 |
| 63868 | CA | Standard Elementary | Standard Elementary | 5 |
| 138669 | CA | Traver Joint Elementary | Traver Elementary | 5 |
| 138724 | CA | Tulare City | Lincoln Elementary | 4 |
| 73655 | CA | Val Verde Unified | Mary McLeod Bethune Elementary | 4 |
| 102828 | CA | Val Verde Unified | Val Verde Elementary | 3 |
| 147220 | CO | DENVER COUNTY 1 | CHARLES M. SCHENCK (CMS) COMMUNITY SCHOOL | 5 |
| 147440 | CO | DENVER COUNTY 1 | CASTRO ELEMENTARY SCHOOL | 3, 4 |
| 182220 | FL | BREVARD | ENDEAVOUR ELEMENTARY SCHOOL | 4 |
| 247973 | IA | Des Moines Independent CSD | Howe Elementary | 3 |
| 248070 | IA | Des Moines Independent CSD | Lovejoy Elementary School | 4 |
| 2107563 | IL | City of Chicago SD 299 | Cardenas Elem School | 3 |
| 263707 | IL | DePue USD 103 | DePue Elem School | 5 |
| 318986 | IL | Springfield SD 186 | Harvard Park Elem School | 3 |
| 401739 | LA | EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH | PARK ELEMENTARY SCHOOL | 3 |
| 402898 | LA | EVANGELINE PARISH | VILLE PLATTE ELEMENTARY SCHOOL | 4 |
| 403957 | LA | JEFFERSON PARISH | G.T. WOODS ELEMENTARY SCHOOL | 4 |
| 404494 | LA | JEFFERSON PARISH | WILLIAM HART ELEMENTARY SCHOOL | 3 |
| 410649 | LA | PLAQUEMINES PARISH | SOUTH PLAQUEMINES ELEMENTARY SCHOOL | 4 |
| 425890 | MA | Springfield | Elias Brookings | 4 |
| 425943 | MA | Springfield | Hiram L Dorman | 4 |
| 426040 | MA | Springfield | Lincoln | 3 |
| 573796 | MO | LUTIE R-VI | LUTIE ELEM. | 4 |
| 12034697 | MO | NORTHEAST RANDOLPH CO. R-IV | NORTHEAST ELEM. | 5 |
| 596748 | MS | South Delta School District | South Delta Elementary School | 3 |
| 597766 | MS | Vicksburg Warren School District | Bowmar Avenue School | 5 |
| 4876332 | MS | Vicksburg Warren School District | Warren Central Intermediate | 4 |
| 4839815 | NM | Estancia Municipal Schools | Upper Elementary School | 5 |
| 3326671 | NM | Los Lunas Public Schools | Tome Elementary School | 4 |
| 704995 | NM | Roswell Independent Schools | Pecos Elementary School | 4 |
| 1486691 | NM | Taos Municipal Schools | Enos Garcia Elementary School | 4 |
| 711338 | NV | Achievement | Bertha Ronzone Elementary School | 4 |
| 711821 | NV | Achievement | Lincoln Elementary School | 3 |
| 712033 | NV | Achievement | Rex Bell Elementary School | 5 |
| 4919893 | NV | Achievement | William K. Moore Elementary School | 5 |
| 713740 | NV | Washoe | Rita Cannan Elementary School | 5 |
| 732710 | NY | ROCHESTER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT | SCHOOL 4-GEORGE MATHER FORBES | 5 |
| 1065003 | UT | Granite District | Redwood School | 4 |
| 1065211 | UT | Granite District | Western Hills School | 3 |
| 1067477 | UT | Nebo District | Goshen School | 3 |
| 1068134 | UT | Ogden City District | Odyssey School | 5 |
| 1068213 | UT | Ogden City District | James Madison School | 4 |
| 1117266 | WI | Green Bay Area Public | Fort Howard Elementary | 4 |
| 1117278 | WI | Green Bay Area Public | Howe Elementary | 4 |
| 11726407 | WI | Milwaukee Scholars Charter School | Milwaukee Scholars Charter School | 4 |

Table 15: Matched Control Schools (CTRL Dataset)


[^0]:    ${ }^{1 *}$ statistically significant $\mathrm{p}<0.05$

